

SMITH LANDSLIDE REACHES 276,000, SWEEPS WAGNER TO VICTORY BY 100,000

Stolz Is Winner; Clean-Up in State For Democrats

By JOSEPH L. COHN

Sweeping the state in as spectacular a manner as the Coolidge landslide of two years ago, Alfred E. Smith, Tammany Hall's favorite son, is elected governor for the fourth time, defeating Ogden L. Mills, Republican "silk stocking" candidate and establishing a precedent in the history of the Empire State.

While complete returns are not yet available, it appears that Gov. Smith carried the greater city by nearly half a million, and is elected by a plurality of 276,000.

And, riding on the crest of the Smith tidal wave, Robert P. Wagner, after eight years on the Supreme Court bench, is elected to the United States Senate over James W. Wadsworth, Jr., Republican reactionary incumbent, by a plurality verging on 100,000.

Although returns from up state are still incomplete, it appears that Edward Corning of Albany is elected lieutenant-governor over Seymour Lowman, Republican dry incumbent, and Morris Tremaine of Buffalo controller over Vincent Murphy, incumbent.

The campaign, which politicians declare was one of the meanest ever waged in this state, through Mills bringing up a discredited milk question, proves that the majority of the people cannot be misled by false issues. Gov. Smith's victory also dealt a death blow to William Randolph Hearst, who supported Mills and is believed to have been behind the milk issue, which was badly exploded by reputable experts and acted as a boomerang for the Republican candidate.

Gov. Smith's tremendous plurality in the greater city, though not as large as that he received two years ago, was still larger than any received by any other candidate and more than sufficient to disprove reports that he was "slipping" in popularity in his home city.

Wagner Well Up in Vote

Justice Wagner ran well up with Gov. Smith in this city, when it is considered that Senator Wadsworth was expected to obtain the votes of thousands of wet Democrats and thousands of business men on the issue of "Coolidge prosperity."

Wagner's large vote is a big victory for Tammany Chief Olvany and the 14th Street Wigwag. While the Democratic party was confident of a large Smith vote, it directed

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Ottinger Victory By 35,000 Votes Is Now Predicted

A majority of approximately 35,000 was predicted unofficially for Attorney General Albert Ottinger today as the race took an unexpected turn in his favor, showing Benjamin Stoltz, the Democratic nominee, out in the cold.

Early today it was believed that Stoltz had a good chance of getting the post, but new figures from Albany changed the complexion when missing districts from up-state reported with the votes which Ottinger hoped for.



Albert Ottinger

Mrs. Earl Carroll Returns



MRS. EARL CARROLL, the wife of the producer of bathtub fame, returned from Europe today on the French liner Paris, leaving her husband behind. She refused to be interviewed, but divulges she did not know when her husband would be back. (Photo Graphic.)

New York 'Goes Wet' By a Huge Majority

The wet and dry question was completely settled, so far as New York state is concerned, by a wet majority of well over 1,200,000. The result left neither room for debate nor encouragement for dry propaganda. New York wants Congress to let it determine what constitutes intoxicating liquor.

In five other states huge majorities settled the liquor question in the same way as New York, while only two gave the dries a victory. Illinois was strongly wet; California went wet by an estimated 2 to 1 majority in favor of repeal of the state enforcement acts; Nevada's proposal to ask Congress for modification was winning 4 to 1, and the wets, on the basis of latest returns, were piling up heavy majorities in Wisconsin and Montana.

Only in Colorado and Missouri were the dries winning. New York city voted for the referendum by more than 7 to 1.

Less Interest in Country

In the rural sections of the state the wet majority was smaller than in this city, and many dries obeyed the request of their leaders not to cast any vote on the issue, and the total vote on the issue ran behind that of the candidates. But even if all the dries had voted against the referendum the result would still have been wet without the help of the huge Manhattan majority.

The vote this year on the liquor question carries immense significance, since the eight states having a referendum contain 32,000,000 voters, or about one-third of the total national vote.

By far the heaviest vote on the referendum in this state was cast

in Greater New York, where 800,000, or two-thirds of the majority, was piled up. As seen as the returns began to come in, the final result was certain.

The question upon which New York voted was as follows:—

"Should the Congress of the United States modify the Federal act to enforce the Eighteenth Amendment so that the same shall not prohibit the manufacture, sale, transportation, importation or exportation of beverages which are not in fact intoxicating as determined in accordance with the laws of the respective states?"

As a result of the vote on this question, Congress in Washington will be asked to modify the Volstead act to permit each state to determine for itself just how much alcohol its beer and wine may contain.

Dies Under Wheels Of Subway Train

Joseph Greenberg of 970 Prospect Ave., The Bronx, jumped or fell in front of an uptown local train at the Bleeker Street station of the Lexington Avenue subway today. He was dead when lifted from the tracks.

Democratic Control Of the U. S. Senate Now Appears Likely

Democratic majority in the United States Senate appeared likely today when late figures credited the G. O. P. with forty-six members, as compared with forty-eight Democrats and one Farmer-Labor.

Republicans Lead In Legislature Despite Losses

Another hostile Legislature will greet Gov. Smith when he begins his new term on January 1.

Tabulations of complete returns show that the Republicans will have a majority of two in the Senate and a majority of thirteen in the Assembly.

Although the Democrats succeeded in capturing two strongly Republican senatorial districts, the Seventeenth in Manhattan and the Second in Queens, they were unable to make gains sufficient to give them control.

Probably the biggest loss to the Republicans was the defeat in the Seventeenth District of Senator Cortlandt Nicoll, one of the party's mainstays in the Upper House. He handled all legislation affecting New York city.

Several Assembly districts throughout the state, considered safe for the Republicans, swung into the Democratic column this year, notably in Warren, Albany, Rensselaer, Sullivan and Erie counties.



Cortlandt Nicoll

Clearing House (Official figures)

Exchanges	\$1,455,000,000
Balances	168,000,000
Credit balance	150,000,000

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La Guardia Is Re-elected By 83 Votes in Hot Battle

Fiorello H. La Guardia survived the Democratic sweep by a scant margin of 83 votes and again will represent the Twentieth Congressional District, according to definite reports today.

Election Results Jolt to Coolidge, Democrats Say

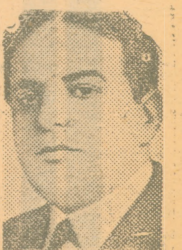
Washington, Nov. 3 (By U. P.).—Democratic spokesmen today called election results "a severe jolt to President Coolidge's prestige," and "the forerunner of a Democratic 1928 presidential victory."

The first characterization was from Representative Oldfield, chairman of the House Democratic Campaign Committee; the second from Senator Swanson, chairman of the official Democratic Speakers' Bureau.

Swanson said he expected to see President Coolidge renominated, but predicted a decisive Democratic victory, barring another "Madison Square Garden party."

Latest figures say he polled a total of 9,141 votes to 9,058 for Warren Hubbard, Democrat. Until 8 a. m. the candidates were running neck and neck. The vote is said to indicate the popularity of La Guardia, in view of the strong Democratic vote.

In the Seventeenth Congressional District F. H. La Guardia, Democrat, defeated Louis W. Stotesbury, successor to Ogden L. Mills. The defeat of Nathan D. Perlman, Republican, was conceded in the Fourteenth Congressional District. His opponent, Dr. W. I. Sirovitch, won by 1,800.



F. H. La Guardia